

1 **TYPE YOUR TITLE HERE**

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3 **Author's First, M.I., and Last name^{1,*}, Author's First, M.I., and Last name²,**

4 **Author's First, M.I., and Last name³**

5

6 *¹Affiliation. Email: abc@gmail.com*

7 *²Affiliation. Email: def@gmail.com*

8 *³Affiliation. Email: ghi@gmail.com*

9

10 **corresponding author*

11

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13 **ABSTRACT**

14 The abstract should not exceed 250 words. Your abstract should identify

15 the main topic of your manuscript and the basic reasons for doing the research.

16 Methodology and a summary of significant findings should also be included.

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18 **Keywords:** abstract, findings, manuscript, methodology, research

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INTRODUCTION

Discuss about your topic and why it is important or interesting? This will guide the readers into your topic and situate your ideas.

Provide relevant researches that have been conducted. Begin by establishing the kinds of research that have been done and end with the gaps in the research that you intend to do for your study.

Specify your objectives. Present your research question clearly and directly.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Method(s) used in Objective 1

Describe in detail all the materials that have been used as well as the procedures that are undertaken to conduct the first objective.

Method(s) used in Objective 2

Describe in detail all the materials that have been used as well as the procedures that are undertaken to conduct the second objective.

42 **Data analysis**

43 Data should be statistically analyzed and the method of analysis should
44 be identified. Experimental data may be presented in tabular or graphical form
45 but the same data will not be published in both forms.

46

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48 **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

49 **Results for Objective 1**

50 Focus on explaining and evaluating what you found, showing how it
51 relates to your literature review, and making an argument in support of your
52 overall conclusion.

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54 **Results for Objective 2**

55 Focus on explaining and evaluating what you found, showing how it
56 relates to your literature review, and making an argument in support of your
57 overall conclusion.

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SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

This is optional. Write a very brief summary of your work.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The assistance of persons or institutions who helped in research or in writing articles are given credit in this section. Acknowledgements are also made for grants-in-aid and the use of borrowed illustrative materials.

79

REFERENCES CITED

80 Senior Author's Last name, First letter of Senior Author's First name.Middle
81 Initial. & Co-author's Last name, First letter of Co-author's First name.Middle
82 Initial. YEAR. Article's title. Name of Journal volume number(issue number):
83 pages.

84 DOI: if available

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86 Senior Author's Last name, First letter of Senior Author's First name.Middle
87 Initial., Co-author's Last name, First letter of Co-author's First name.Middle
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90 Initial. YEAR. Title of paper presentation. In Proceedings, Complete title of
91 conference, days Month Year, Conference Venue, Publisher (if any) Page
92 numbers.

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94 Senior Author's Last name, First letter of Senior Author's First name.Middle
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96 Initial., Co-author's Last name, First letter of Co-author's First name.Middle
97 Initial., & Co-author's Last name, First letter of Co-author's First name.Middle
98 Initial. YEAR. Title of the book. Name and city of publisher. Specific pages in the
99 book.

100

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102 Table 1. Tables are a concise and effective way to present large amounts of data.
103

Date of observation	Number of adults emerge
dd-Month-Year	100
dd-Month-Year	20*
dd-Month-Year	
dd-Month-Year	
dd-Month-Year	
dd-Month-Year	

104 **Delay in the emergence due to a very low temperature*

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Insert image here

113

114 Figure 1. Figures are ideal for presenting images, graphics, maps, and
115 schematics to help the readers visualize the information you are trying to
116 convey. Figures should be either in TIFF or JPEG format with high
117 resolution. For Color or grayscale photographs, keep the resolution to a
118 minimum of 300 dpi, for bitmapped (pure black & white pixels) line
119 drawings, keep to a minimum of 1000 dpi, and for combinations
120 bitmapped line/half-tone (color or grayscale), keep to a minimum of 500
121 dpi.

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